

MLE

20:19

consistent estimator

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P_{\theta}(|W_n - \theta| \geq \epsilon) = 0 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

by chebychev inequality:

$$P_{\theta}(|W_n - \theta| \geq \epsilon) \leq \frac{E_{\theta}(|W_n - \theta|^2)}{\epsilon^2} = 0 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

思路: 证明 consistent, 将 ① 转化为 ②

$$\begin{aligned}
E_{\theta}(|\hat{\theta} - \theta|^2) &= E_{\theta}(\hat{\theta} - E(\hat{\theta}) + E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta)^2 \\
&= E_{\theta}(\hat{\theta} - E(\hat{\theta}))^2 + E_{\theta}(E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta)^2 + 2E_{\theta}(\hat{\theta} - E(\hat{\theta}))(E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta) \\
&= \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) + [E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta]^2 + 2(E(\hat{\theta}) - \theta) \underbrace{E(\hat{\theta} - E(\hat{\theta}))}_{=0} \\
&= \text{var}(\hat{\theta}) + \text{bias}^2(\hat{\theta})
\end{aligned}$$

关键是分解 $E(\hat{\theta})$ 是 θ 的 var/bias
 (1) $E(\hat{\theta})$ 是 θ 的 R.V. $E(\hat{\theta})$ make sense
 (2) $\hat{\theta}$ 是 R.V.
 $\theta, E(\hat{\theta})$ scalar

(3) 了解 var, bias 定义

$$\text{var} X = E(X - EX)^2$$

$$\text{bias} \hat{\theta} = E(\hat{\theta} - \theta)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} (1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) &= 0 \\ (2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{bias}(\hat{\theta}) &= 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} \text{ consistent}$$

Thm. consistency of MLE

$$L_n(\theta|x) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i|\theta)$$

$$\ln L_n(\theta|x) = \sum_{i=1}^n \log f(x_i|\theta)$$

proof.

by WLLN. $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \log f(x_i|\theta) \xrightarrow{P} E_{\theta_0}(\log f(x|\theta))$

思路: $\theta_{MLE} \xrightarrow{P} \theta'$

$$E_{\theta_0}(\log f(x|\theta)) - E_{\theta_0}(\log f(x|\theta_0)) = E \left(\log \frac{f(x|\theta)}{f(x|\theta_0)} \right)$$

by Jensen's inequality $\log x$ 求二阶导 $\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} < 0$ concave

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore E_{\theta_0} \left(\log \frac{f(x|\theta)}{f(x|\theta_0)} \right) &\leq \log E_{\theta_0} \left(\frac{f(x|\theta)}{f(x|\theta_0)} \right) = \log \int \frac{f(x|\theta)}{f(x|\theta_0)} f(x|\theta_0) dx \\ &= \log 1 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \theta_{MLE} \xrightarrow{P} \theta_0$$

Thm asymptotic normality of MLE

思路: score function $l(\theta)$ 泰勒展开 (θ_0)

$$f(x) = f(x_0) + (x-x_0)f'(x_0) + \frac{(x-x_0)^2}{2!}f''(x_0)$$

$$l'(\theta) = l'(\theta_0) + (\theta-\theta_0) \cdot l''(\theta_0)$$

plugin
 $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$

$$l'(\hat{\theta}_{MLE}) = l'(\theta_0) + (\hat{\theta}_n - \theta_0) l''(\theta_0)$$

$\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ 是由
 $l'(\theta) = 0$
求得

$$\hat{\theta}_n - \theta_0 = -\frac{l'(\theta_0)}{l''(\theta_0)}$$

看起来很像 asymptotical 的式子, 凑一个 \sqrt{n}

$$\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta_0) = -\frac{\sqrt{n}l'(\theta_0)}{l''(\theta_0)}$$

$\sqrt{n}l'(\theta_0) \rightarrow$ score function
 $l''(\theta_0) \rightarrow$ FI

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta_0) \sim N(0, \frac{1}{I(\theta_0)})$$

其中 $l'(\theta_0) = \frac{d \sum \log f(x_i | \theta_0)}{d\theta_0}$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{d \log f(x_i | \theta_0)}{d\theta_0}$$

↓ 没 sample mean

$$\therefore \frac{1}{n} l'(\theta_0) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{d \log f(x_i | \theta_0)}{d\theta_0}$$

in line as z

$$\frac{\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta}_n - \theta_0)}{\int \frac{1}{I(\theta_0)}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

WLLN \times $\xrightarrow{P} E_{\theta_0} \left(\frac{d \log f(x|\theta_0)}{d\theta_0} \right)$ $\xrightarrow{\text{def}}$ 得分函数: $E(\text{score})$
 $\text{var}(\text{score})$

CLT sample mean $\sim \mathcal{N}$

$$\sqrt{n}(z - E z) \sim N(0, \text{Var} z) \Rightarrow \sqrt{n} z \sim N(0, n I(\theta_0))$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \sqrt{n} z \sim N(0, \frac{1}{n} I(\theta_0))$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{n} \ell'(\theta_0) = z$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \ell'(\theta_0) = z \sim N(0, \frac{1}{n} I(\theta_0))$$

$$\ell'(\theta_0) \sim N(0, n I(\theta_0)) \quad \star \text{ ②}$$

$$\text{① } -\sqrt{n} \frac{N(0, n I(\theta_0))}{n \cdot I(\theta_0)} \rightarrow \ell'(\theta_0) \text{ ②}$$

$$= \frac{N(0, n I(\theta_0))}{\sqrt{n} I(\theta_0)} \rightarrow \ell''(\theta_0) \text{ ③}$$

$$\Rightarrow N(0, \frac{1}{I(\theta_0)}) \quad \square$$

continuous mapping

Slutsky Thm.

$$\text{② Denominator } \ell''(\theta_0) = \frac{d \sum_{i=1}^n \log f(x_i|\theta_0)}{d\theta_0}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{d \log f(x_i|\theta_0)}{d\theta_0}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{n} \ell''(\theta_0) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{d^2 \log f(x_i|\theta_0)}{d\theta_0^2}$$

写为 score function 1 的导数形式

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{d \log f(x_i|\theta_0)}{d\theta_0} \right]'$$

↑

得分函数

$$\downarrow \text{wllr} \quad \uparrow$$

$$P \rightarrow E_{\theta_0} \left(\left[\frac{d}{d\theta_0} \log f(x_i|\theta_0) \right]' \right) = -I(\theta_0)$$

$$r''(\theta_0) \xrightarrow{P} n \cdot -I(\theta_0) \quad \star \text{ (3)}$$

对 score 求导

对 likelihood 求导 = P 的导数

↓

取 expectation, 取期望

可得 $-I(\theta)$

求 score function 的 mean & variance

$$\ln l(\theta|x) = \sum_{i=1}^n \log f(x_i|\theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln l(\theta|x)}{\partial \theta} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \Rightarrow \text{score function}$$

$$E \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \right) = \sum_{i=1}^n E \left(\frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \int_x \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} f(x_i|\theta) dx$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \int_x \frac{1}{f(x_i|\theta)} \cdot \frac{\partial f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot f(x_i|\theta) dx$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \int_x \frac{\partial f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} dx$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \int f(x_i|\theta) dx$$

$$= 0$$

对 $E(\text{score})$ 求导 = 0

2.1

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial E\left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}\right)}{\partial \theta} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \int_x \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot f(x_i|\theta) dx \\
 &= \int \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}}_A \cdot \underbrace{f(x_i|\theta)}_B \right) dx \quad (A \cdot B)' = A' \cdot B + B' \cdot A \\
 &= \int \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2} \cdot f(x_i|\theta) + \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot \frac{\partial f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \right] dx \\
 &= \int \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2} \cdot f(x_i|\theta) dx + \int \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot \frac{\partial f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} dx \quad \text{可以理解为 } \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \\
 &= E\left(\sum \frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right) + \int \sum \frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}}_{\frac{1}{f(x_i|\theta)}} \cdot \underbrace{f(x_i|\theta)}_{\frac{1}{f(x_i|\theta)}} dx \\
 &= E\left(\sum \frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right) + \int \sum \left(\frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}\right)^2 \cdot f(x_i|\theta) dx \\
 &= E\left(\sum \frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right) + \sum_{i=1}^n E\left(\frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}\right)^2 \rightarrow \text{Var(score) as } E(\text{score}) = 0 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{Var(score)} \quad = E(\text{score}^2) - [E(\text{score})]^2 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad = E(\text{score}^2) - 0 \\
 \therefore \text{Var(score)} &= -E\left(\sum \frac{\partial^2 \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

- E(score + E) = 0, E(score + E) = 0

$$-L(\text{score 估计}) = -L(\text{likelihood 求 = 平均})$$

$$= E\left(\sum \left(\frac{\partial \log f(x_i|\theta)}{\partial \theta}\right)^2\right) \stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{=} \mathcal{I}(\theta)$$

$\mathcal{I}(\theta)$: Fisher information is the variance of the score

the expected value of observed information

$$\mathcal{I} = -E\left[\frac{\partial^2 \log f(x|\theta)}{\partial \theta^2}\right]$$

likelihood 求 = 平均, 取反

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = \frac{1}{FI} = \frac{1}{E(-l''(\hat{\mu}))}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = \frac{1}{V(\text{score})} = \frac{1}{\text{Var}(l'(\hat{\mu}))}$$

} \Rightarrow

$$E(-l''(\hat{\mu})) = \text{Var}(l'(\hat{\mu}))$$